

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

				•
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/612,250	07/01/2003	Donald J. Curry	117289	3355
7590 07/19/2007 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 1992			HUNG, YUBIN	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2624	
		•		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	· ,		07/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/612,250	CURRY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Yubin Hung	2624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover s	theet with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS CON 36(a). In no event, however will apply and will expire SI e. cause the application to to	MMUNICATION.  er, may a reply be timely filed  X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ecome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 J	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 June 2007</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-22 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2 and 13-22 is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 3-5 and 7-12 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from considerat					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 01 July 2003 is/are: a)  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	☑ accepted or b)[ drawing(s) be held ir tion is required if the	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been receives have been receiverity documents have u (PCT Rule 17.2(a	red. red in Application No e been received in this National Stage  i)).				
Attachment(s)	·					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	5) <u>P</u> N	terview Summary (PTO-413) aper No(s)/Mail Date otice of Informal Patent Application ther:				

Application/Control Number: 10/612,250 Page 2

Art Unit: 2624

## Response to Amendment/Arguments

- 1. This action is in response to amendment filed 06/01/07, which has been entered.
- 2. Claim 6 has been cancelled, currently claims 1-5 and 7-22 are still pending.
- 3. In view of Applicant's amendment, the objection to the specification has been withdrawn.
- 4. In view of Applicant's amendment, the 35 USC § 112 rejections have been withdrawn. However, new § 112 rejections are made to claims 13-22; see below.
- 5. Applicant's amendment has rendered moot the 35 USC § 103 rejections of claims 1 and 2. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Avinash (US 6,246,783).

Art Unit: 2624

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. Claims 13-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Specifically, claim 13 has been amended to include the limitation "triangular filtering," the support for which is not found in the specification. Dependent claims 14-22 inherit this problem from claim 13 and are similarly rejected. [Note: for examination purpose "triangular filtering" will be interpreted as "two-dimensional filtering" as originally filed.]

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/612,250

Art Unit: 2624

8. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee (US 5,694,487), and further in view of Tan et al. (US 6,707,952) and Gallagher (US 6,728,416).

Page 4

## Regarding claim 1, Lee discloses

- inputting a multi-bit monochrome signal which codes both weak, strong and at least one of background and foreground into a selector signal, based on the monochrome signal, wherein the monochrome signal is a multi-bit raw gray selector output signal [Fig. 1, refs. 200 (generating edge image), 500 (inputting/storing edge image); Col. 4, lines 14-38, especially Eq. 3. Note that an edge value of 0 is considered as weak and also indicating one background; on the other hand, an edge value greater than 0 is considered as strong]
- partitioning the selector signal into a plurality of uniform blocks [Abstract: lines 8-9; Fig. 1, ref. 600 & 700 (partitioning); Col. 4, line 59-Col. 5, line 3 and Col. 5, lines 8-19; Col. 7, lines 16-22]

Li does not expressly disclose performing two-dimensional filtering over each block and replacing the original weak selector signal with the filtered results.

However, Tan discloses 2-dimensionally filtering an image block [Fig. 1, refs. 150 & 160; Co. 2, lines 61-65 (being able to select a main direction implies 2-D)] and replace values of selected pixels with the corresponding filtered values [Fig. 1, ref. 170; the selected pixels are those that are not identified in Fig. 1, refs. 130 & 140 and are considered "weak" since they are not edge points].

Lee and Tan are combinable because they both have aspects that are from the same field of edge detection.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lee with the teachings of Tan as recited above. The motivation would have been to improve image quality by removing ringing artifacts, as Tan indicates in column 1, lines 30-44.

In addition, Gallagher teaches performing multi-pass filtering (not expressly disclosed by the combined invention of Lee and Tan) to an image [Fig. 6, ref. 110; Fig. 7; Col. 9, lines 37-45; Col. 10, lines 42-52; Col. 10, line 65-Col. 11, line 10].

The combined invention of Lee and Tan is combinable with Gallagher because they both have aspects that are from the same field of image filtering.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combined invention of Lee and Tan with the teachings of Gallagher as recited above. The motivation would have been to improve image contrast while preserving detail and preventing artifacts in the neighborhood of large edges, as Gallagher indicates in column 3, lines 29-32.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Gallagher with Lee and Tan to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1. \*\*\*\*

9. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee (US 5,694,487), Tan et al. (US 6,707,952) and Avinash (US 6,246,783) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Yuan (US 5,367,385).

Regarding claim 2, the combined invention of Lee, Tan and Avinash discloses all limitations of its parent, claim 1.

The combined invention of Lee, Tan and Avinash does not expressly disclose subtracting a bias from the monochrome multi-bit signal to result in a signed number. However, Yuan discloses subtracting a bias from gradients. [Fig. 10, ref. 216; Col. 2, lines 39-51; Col. 10, lines 32-35. Note that since the size of the bias, which is the average difference, is not known in advance, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use signed number to represent the biased gradient value.]

The combined invention of Lee, Tan and Avinash is combinable with Yuan because they both have aspects that are from the same field of edge detection.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combined invention of Lee, Tan and Avinash with the teachings of Yuan as recited above. The motivation would have been to improve the image quality by

Art Unit: 2624

smoothing it in the appropriate direction so as not to remove or distort edges, as Yuan indicates in column 1, lines 35-40 and column 2, lines 48-51.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Yuan with Lee, Tan and Avinash to obtain the invention as specified in claim 2.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 10. Note: Regarding claim 8, and similarly claim 19, "+/-K" of line 5 is interpreted as per page 16, line 3 of the specification.
- 11. Claims 3-5 and 7-12 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 12. Claims 13-22 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, set forth in this Office action.
- 13. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Application/Control Number: 10/612,250 Page 8

Art Unit: 2624

A. Regarding claims 3-5, closest art of record Lee, Tan and Yuan, alone or in combination, do not disclose, teach or suggest defining a weak or strong selector signal in the recited manners.

- B. Regarding claim 7, closest art of record Lee, Tan, Yuan and Gallagher, alone or in combination, do not disclose, teach or suggest performing a 4-pass 2-D filtering process in the recited manner.
- C. Regarding claim 13, closest art of record Lee, Tan and Yuan, alone or in combination, do not disclose, teach or suggest the specific means for performing two-dimensional filtering over each block as recited in the specification (Fig. 3, ref. 56 and P. 15, 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph-P. 16, 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph).

#### **Conclusion and Contact Information**

14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yubin Hung whose telephone number is (571) 272-7451. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 - 4:00. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew C. Bella can be reached on (571) 272-7778. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/612,250

Art Unit: 2624

Page 10

16. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Yubin Hung Patent Examiner Art Unit 2624 July 13, 2007

> MATTHEW C. BELLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

Marker (. Bella